Register

Obituaries

David Fleming

Proletising ecologist who predicted an energy crunch and coined the idea of a personal carbon allowance

Fleming, second left, discussing the working of an experimental rocket stove — to capture heat with clean combustion — at Transition Town Louth, Lincolnshire

David Fleming was a founder of the Green Party and chairman of the Soil Association, but may come to be remembered as one of the first whistleblowers to highlight the dangers of oil supplies "winking off" — the idea that oil supplies will (perhaps soon) enter terminal decline, and humankind revert to some kind of pre-industrial way of life.

Writing in Prospect magazine in 1999, Fleming argued that the international Energy Agency's most recent report represented a coded warning of an impending energy crunch. Soon afterwards the future chief economist of the IEA, Fateh Birol, suggested a meeting and told Fleming: "You are right... There may be six people in the world who understand this.

The encounter gave renewed impetus to Fleming's idea of a personal carbon allowance, or Tradable Quota (as he called it). The British Government funded a pre-feasibility study into quotas in 2008; next year will see the publication of a further report by the All Party Parliamentary Group on Peak Oil.

Peak oil also largely explained Fleming's personal commitment to a frugal life in a modest flat, and his enthusiastic participation in grassroots initiatives to prepare for a future with fewer resources, such as the ever-growing Transition Town movement. His commitment to localism was absolute. "Localisation stands, at best, at the limits of practical possibility," he often said. "But it has the decisive argument in its favour that there will be no alternative."

David Fleming was born in 1940 at Chald以人为本, Surrey, to Norman Beatie Fleming, a Harley Street eye surgeon, and Joan Margaret Fleming, an award-winning crime writer. He had three sisters, of whom the second would die as a toddler.

He grew up in Gloucestershire and Hampshire, where he was still living when he died. His recollections of the communal gardens and orchards that flourished abundantly behind Belise

He studied economics the better to assert his green philosophy

Park Tube station were an inspiration in recent years to groups trying to re-establish food-growing in urban North London.

After reading history at Trinity College, Oxford, from 1959 to 1961, he worked in manufacturing, marketing and financial public relations before earning an MBA from Cranfield University in 1968.

In the 1970s Fleming was one of the founders of the Ecology Party, which later became the Green Party, and served in the late 1970s as its economics spokesman and press secretary. But his radicalism was balanced by a profound conservative streak that puzzled many people, especially when he told them he always voted Tory.

He urged friends in the green movement to learn the language and concepts of economics in order to confront the arguments of their opponents, and so did himself, completing his PhD at Birkbeck College, London, in 1988. With his close friend Jonathan Porritt, Fleming established "The Other Economic Summit" (TOES) to coincide with a meeting of the G7 countries in London. This and subsequent TOES events would lead to the establishment of a new think-tank, The New Economics Foundation.

But Fleming's real passion was community, and its basis in tradition and ceremony. This was not merely an academic interest: Fleming was a lifelong, active member of groups as diverse as the English Song and Dance Society, his local church in Hamstead, the Oxford and Cambridge Club, and the ancient guild The Worshipful Company of Fishmongers. He was a passionate advocate of the critical importance of pubs, and when once asked how best to improve the resilience of one's local community, he replied "Join the choir."

In conversations and in public talks, Fleming spoke rapidly and eruditely on a broad range of subjects, at once enlightening, bewildering and side-splitting. He could be blunt with people who disagreed with him, and did fall out with some, but was a remarkably attentive listener and willing to change his mind.

He was always polite, sometimes elaborately so. His lengthy, good-humoured letters of thanks were celebrated, and despite being frugal on his own account — he never looked as if he ate enough — when it came to others he was generous beyond his budget. Family and friends remember him giving a case of wine when a single bottle would have sufficed.

He enjoyed the company of children but never had any himself. In later years he formed a strong attachment to Miriam Polunin, a food writer, but lost her in tragic circumstances in 2005. She was visiting her elderly mother in Macclesfield when a man set fire to their house — with no motive, the courts later found. Miriam, 59, her mother and a carer all got out safely but Miriam went back inside to rescue a cat and was overcome by smoke, and died in hospital. She had a teenage son from a previous relationship.

In recent years Fleming was working on a book, Lean Logic, that pulls together the various strands of his thinking. His perfectionism led to numerous delays, but he was making final preparations for publication before his death and the book will be published posthumously.

David Fleming, ecologist, was born on January 2, 1940. He died on November 29, 2010, aged 70

Lives remembered

Brian Hanrahan

Stephen Claypool writes: In the aftermath of the colossal row between Mrs Thatcher's Government and the BBC in the autumn of 1985 over the appearance of Martin McGuinness in a documentary called Real Lives: Edge of the Union, Brian Hanrahan (obituary, December 21) and I travelled to Beijing to make coverage arrangements with the Chinese authorities. He was in his last days as BBC TV's Far East Correspondent and I was the head of news gathering.

After a successful round of meetings with the Chinese, Hanrahan suggested that we "pоеak a stick" through the door at the North Korean Embassy in Beijing. To our surprise we met civility and were given a promise that the Ambassador would do everything possible to get us visas to Pyongyang for what would have been a very rare visit for westerners in those days.

Back in the BBC's Hong Kong bureau a few days later we were again surprised when a rather furtive courier delivered a letter from the North Korean Foreign Ministry. "Your application to visit Pyongyang has been granted," it said, "provided you obtain permits for two North Korean journalists to join the UK."

The Foreign Ministry letter analysed the Real Lives controversy in great detail and concluded: "Now that Mrs Thatcher is firmly in control of the BBC we are sure that you will have no difficulty in obtaining visas for our two journalists."

Hanrahan read the letter twice and said: "We are not counting them out or counting them back", and threw it into the waste paper bin. He knew better than the Board of Governors of that era what the BBC's independence was all about.

John Allidis

Hazel R. Morgan writes: I had the good fortune to sing with John Allidis (obituary, December 23) in the Guildhall Chamber Choir (1966-67, the London Symphony Orchestra Chorus (1966-68) and the London Philharmonic Choir (1970-79). As well as preparing us for singing with the likes of Solo, Hattink and Tenstedt, John sometimes conducted performances himself, with the London Philharmonic Choir these included David Bedford’s Star Clusters, Nebra and Places in Devon (the recording produced by Mike Oldfield), a recording of Prout’s edition of Messiah for the American label Birding and — perhaps the most extraordinary — Sounds of Glory, the first album of classical music to be advertised on television. This collection of popular choral numbers was recorded at West Ham Central Mosque at the height of the summer of 1976, and John and the choir also filmed the commercial at University College London and appeared on the record sleeve. Sounds of Glory shot to the top of the album Top Ten in December 1976, and the following November John was pictured in the trad music magazine Rock Week receiving a gold disc.

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Thursday December 30 2010 | THE TIMES

Footballer who helped Liverpool to victory

Avi Cohen

Page 56

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